Ellington Financial

Ellington Financial LLC (NYSE: EFC)

First Quarter 2016 Earnings Conference Call May 6, 2016



Ellington Financial

Important Notice

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements involve numerous risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ from our beliefs, expectations, estimates, and projections and, consequently, you should not rely on these forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Forward-looking statements are not historical in nature and can be identified by words such as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "project," "plan," "continue," "intend," "should," "could," "goal," "objective," "will," "may," "seek," or similar expressions or their negative forms, or by references to strategy, plans, or intentions. Examples of forward-looking statements in this presentation include projections regarding our operating expense ratio, our dividend policy, and home price appreciation, among others.

The Company's results can fluctuate from month to month and from quarter to quarter depending on a variety of factors, some of which are beyond the Company's control and/or are difficult to predict, including, without limitation, changes in interest rates and the market value of the Company's securities, changes in mortgage default rates and prepayment rates, the Company's ability to borrow to finance its assets, changes in government regulations affecting the Company's business, the Company's ability to maintain its exclusion from registration under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and other changes in market conditions and economic trends. Furthermore, forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, including, among other things, those described under Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 11, 2016, which can be accessed through the Company's website at www.ellingtonfinancial.com or at the SEC's website (www.sec.gov). Other risks, uncertainties, and factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected may be described from time to time in reports we file with the SEC, including reports on Form 10-Q, 10-K and 8-K. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

Modeling

Some statements in this presentation may be derived from proprietary models developed by Ellington Management Group, L.L.C. ("Ellington"). Some examples provided may be based upon the hypothetical performance of such models. Models, however, are inherently imperfect and subject to a number of risks, including that the underlying data used by the models is incorrect, inaccurate, or incomplete, or that the models rely upon assumptions that may prove to be incorrect. The utility of model-based information is highly limited. The information is designed to illustrate Ellington's current view and expectations and is based on a number of assumptions and limitations, including those specified herein. Certain models make use of discretionary settings or parameters which can have a material effect on the output of the model. Ellington exercises discretion as to which settings or parameters to use in different situations, including using different settings or parameters to model different securities. Actual results and events may differ materially from those described by such models.

Example Analyses

The example analyses included herein are for illustrative purposes only and are intended to illustrate Ellington's analytic approach. They are not and should not be considered a recommendation to purchase or sell any security or a projection of the Company's future results or performance. The example analyses are only as of the date specified and do not reflect changes since that time.

Projected Yields and Spreads

Projected yields and spreads discussed herein are based upon Ellington models and rely on a number of assumptions, including as to prepayment, default and interest rates and changes in home prices. Such models are inherently imperfect and there is no assurance that any particular investment will perform as predicted by the models, or that any such investment will be profitable. Projected yields are presented for the purposes of (i) providing insight into the strategy's objectives, (ii) detailing anticipated risk and reward characteristics in order to facilitate comparisons with other investments, (iii) illustrating Ellington's current views and expectations, and (iv) aiding future evaluations of performance. They are not a guarantee of future performance. They are based upon assumptions regarding current and future events and conditions, which may not prove to be accurate. There can be no assurance that the projected yields will be achieved. Investments involve risk of loss.

Indices

Various indices are included in this presentation material to show the general trend in applicable markets in the periods indicated and are not intended to imply that the Company or its strategy is similar to any index in composition or element of risk.

The 2006-2 AAA ABX index, an index widely used and cited by investors and market participants tracking the subprime non-Agency RMBS market, is composed of 20 credit default swaps referencing mortgage-backed securities, originally rated AAA by Standard & Poor's, Inc., or Standard & Poor's, and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Moody's, issued during the first six months of 2006 and backed by subprime mortgage loans originated in late 2005 and early 2006.

Financial Information

All financial information included in this presentation is as of March 31, 2016 unless otherwise indicated. We undertake no duty or obligation to update this presentation to reflect subsequent events or developments.

First Quarter 2016

Operating Results

	Quarter Ended		% of		Quarter Ended		% of
	Mach 31,	Per	Average		December	Per	Average
(In thousands, except per share amounts)	2016	Share	Equity		31, 2015	Share	Equity
Credit:							
Interest income and other income	\$ 13,571 \$	0.40	1.88%	\$	15,459 \$	0.45	2.07%
Net realized gain (loss)	2,681	0.08	0.37%		1,223	0.04	0.16%
Change in net unrealized gain (loss)	(8,041)	(0.24)	-1.11%		(10,257)	(0.30)	-1.37%
Net interest rate hedges (1)	(2,016)	(0.06)	-0.28%		891	0.02	0.12%
Net credit hedges and other activities ⁽²⁾	(20,793)	(0.62)	-2.88%		2,723	0.08	0.36%
Interest expense	(1,682)	(0.05)	-0.23%		(1,459)	(0.04)	-0.20%
Other investment related expenses	(1,627)	(0.05)	-0.23%		(1,774)	(0.05)	-0.24%
Total Credit profit (loss)	(17,907)	(0.54)	-2.48%		6,806	0.20	0.90%
Agency RMBS:							
Interest income	7,556	0.22	1.05%		7,974	0.23	1.07%
Net realized gain (loss)	1,252	0.04	0.17%		1,579	0.05	0.21%
Change in net unrealized gain (loss)	9,361	0.28	1.30%		(12,710)	(0.37)	-1.70%
Net interest rate hedges and other activities (1)	(16,950)	(0.50)	-2.35%		5,199	0.15	0.70%
Interest expense	 (1,427)	(0.04)	-0.20%		(1,391)	(0.04)	-0.19%
Total Agency RMBS profit (loss)	(208)		-0.03%		651	0.02	0.09%
Total Credit and Agency RMBS profit (loss)	 (18,115)	(0.54)	-2.51%		7,457	0.22	0.99%
Other interest income (expense), net	(15)	_	0.00%		10	_	0.00%
Other expenses	 (5,056)	(0.15)	-0.70%		(5,605)	(0.17)	-0.75%
Net increase (decrease) in equity resulting from operations	\$ (23,186) \$	(0.69)	-3.21%	\$	1,862 \$	0.05	0.24%
Less: Net increase in equity resulting from operations attributable to non-controlling interests	 14				82		
Net increase (decrease) in shareholders' equity resulting from operations ⁽⁶⁾	\$ (23,200) \$	(0.69)	-3.24%	\$	1,780 \$	0.05	0.24%
Weighted average shares and convertible units (3) outstanding	33,746			_	34,001		
Average equity (includes non-controlling interests) (4)	\$ 722,402			\$	746,091		
Ending equity (includes non-controlling interests)	\$ 694,922			\$	738,952		
Diluted book value per share	\$ 20.63			\$	21.80		
Weighted average shares and LTIP units outstanding (5)	33,534				33,789		
Average shareholders' equity (excludes non-controlling interests) (4)	\$ 715,845			\$	739,635		

⁽¹⁾ Includes TBAs and U.S. Treasuries, if applicable.

⁽²⁾ Includes equity and other relative value trading strategies and related hedges.

⁽³⁾ Convertible units include Operating Partnership units attributable to non-controlling interests and LTIP units

⁽⁴⁾ Average equity and average shareholders' equity are calculated using month end values.

⁵⁾ Excludes Operating Partnership units attributable to non-controlling interests.

⁽⁶⁾ Per share information is calculated using weighted average shares and LTIP units outstanding. Percentage of average equity is calculated using average shareholders' equity, which excludes non-controlling interests.

Ellington Financial: First Quarter Highlights

Overall Results

- Net loss of (23.2) million, or (0.69) per share
- Loss was primarily the result of a significant decoupling in the latter half of the quarter between assets and credit hedges:
 - Credit hedges were concentrated in short positions in various high-yield corporate bond indices, which widened initially but then experienced a complete reversal by the end of the quarter
 - Assets consist primarily of structured products, which widened throughout the entire quarter

Credit Strategy

- Credit strategy gross loss of \$(17.9) million⁽¹⁾, or \$(0.54) per share
 - Strategy includes non-Agency RMBS; CMBS; performing, sub-performing, and non-performing residential and commercial mortgage loans; consumer loans; CLOs; investments in mortgage-related entities; distressed corporate debt and equity; interest rate hedges; credit hedges (including relative value trades involving credit hedging instruments); and equities trading strategy
 - Loss was primarily driven by losses on net credit hedges and other activities, net interest rate hedges, net realized and unrealized losses on investments, interest expense, and other investment related expenses, partially offset by interest income and other income
 - Consumer loan strategy, commercial mortgage strategy, and residential mortgage loan strategy each contributed positively to our results for the quarter
 - Increased investments in consumer loans and non-QM residential mortgage loans

Agency RMBS Strategy

- Agency RMBS strategy gross loss of \$(0.2) million⁽¹⁾, or \$0.00 per share
 - As interest rates declined, had net realized and unrealized gains on specified pools as both prices and payups increased, but these were offset by net losses from interest rate hedges and other activities

Operating Expenses

- Core expenses of \$5.1 million—includes base management fees and other operating expenses
 - Expense ratio of 2.8% for the first quarter

Leverage

- Debt to equity ratio: 1.69:1 as of March 31, 2016
- (1) Gross income includes interest income, other income, net realized and change in net unrealized gains (losses), net interest rate hedges, net credit hedges and other activities, interest expense, and other investment related expenses, if applicable. It excludes other interest income (expense), management fees, and other expenses.

Ellington Financial: First Quarter Highlights (continued)

Portfolios

- Total Long Credit Portfolio: \$645⁽¹⁾ million as of March 31, 2016 as compared to \$639⁽¹⁾ million as of December 31, 2015
- Agency Long Portfolio: \$937 million as of March 31, 2016, as compared to \$963 million as of December 31, 2015

Book Value and Shareholders' Equity

- March 31, 2016 diluted book value per share of \$20.63, after a \$0.50 fourth quarter dividend paid in March, as compared to \$21.80 per share as of December 31, 2015
 - Since year-end and through April 30th, repurchased approximately 300,000 shares at an average price per share of \$17.30
 - Since implementation of share repurchase program in August 2015, repurchased approximately 625,000 shares for \$10.8 million and average price of \$17.31
- Total equity of \$694.9 million as of March 31, 2016, as compared to \$739.0 million as of December 31, 2015

Dividends and Share Buybacks

- 1st quarter dividend of \$0.50 per share announced on May 2, 2016
- Annualized dividend yield of 11.8% based on the May 4, 2016 closing price of \$16.99
 - We continue to expect to recommend to our Board of Directors a quarterly dividend amount of \$0.50 per share⁽²⁾ until conditions warrant otherwise
- (1) Credit portfolio includes loan equivalent value related to long total return swaps on distressed corporate debt, which is based on the value of the underlying loans.
- (2) We cannot assure you that we will pay any future dividends to our shareholders. The declaration and amount of future dividends remain at the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors.

Ellington Financial: Credit Strategy

Overall Market Conditions

- Credit yield spreads widened dramatically early in the quarter across most credit-sensitive fixed income sectors, including new issue CMBS, newer vintage CLOs, and high-yield corporate bonds, especially sectors with direct or indirect exposure to depressed energy prices
- A late February and March rally in credit-sensitive fixed income markets was strong, with many markets not only retracing their declines from earlier in the quarter, but ending the quarter at higher levels than where they had begun
- Reversal was especially the case for high-yield corporate indices as compared to high-yield corporate bonds, which lagged in the fast-moving rally as market participants sought to quickly add long exposure, and thus preferred the greater liquidity and depth of the index markets
- Non-Agency RMBS yield spreads ended the quarter noticeably wider than where they had begun, but they performed better over the course of the quarter in comparison to many other structured product sectors because of strong underlying fundamentals supported by a stable housing market

Portfolio Trends

- Net sold non-Agency RMBS during the first quarter, mainly in order to redeploy the net proceeds into other targeted Credit assets, i.e., consumer loans and non-QM residential mortgage loans
- Net tightening in high-yield corporate bond index spreads over the course of the quarter led to net losses on credit hedges
- Small Balance Commercial Mortgage Loans—performed well during the quarter and expect continued strong transaction flow
- U.S. CLOs— have begun to find attractive opportunities in certain recent vintage CLO equity positions
- Spanish/Portuguese NPL market (consumer and mortgage)—purchased third interest in package of loans and expect to pursue additional opportunities
- Consumer Loans—increased by more than 25%; began buying loans under a flow agreement with another originator, and continue to actively evaluate other consumer loan originators for additional flow agreements
- Non-QM loans—pace of purchases continues to accelerate; portfolio more than doubled, and pipeline increased

Ellington Financial: Agency Strategy

Overall Market Conditions

- Interest rates reversed course from the fourth quarter of 2015 and dropped sharply
 - 2-year and 10-year swap rates were down 34 basis points and 55 basis points, respectively
 - 10-year Treasury yield decreased 50 basis points to end the first quarter at 1.77%
 - 10-year interest rate swap spreads ended the quarter at -13 basis points, a 5 basis point tightening
 - 30-year mortgage rate decreased to 3.71% from 4.01%
- Yield spreads on Agency RMBS widened, as the declines in yields on Agency RMBS could not keep pace with the declines in yields on either interest rate swaps or Treasuries
- Although pay-ups on specified pools increased as prepayment protection became more valuable in light of lower interest rates, the increase in pay-ups was not enough to compensate for the effects of yield spread widening

Portfolio Trends

- Agency RMBS principally comprised of specified pools; average pay-ups on our specified pools increased to 0.88% as of March 31, 2016 from 0.64% as of December 31, 2015
- Continued to use short positions in TBAs to hedge interest rate risk, and these positions generated net losses; however, TBAs underperformed specified pools during the quarter, and because we hold a net short position in TBAs, this underperformance benefited our results for the quarter
- We turned over approximately 31% of the portfolio as measured by sales, excluding principal pay-downs

Ellington Financial: Market Outlook

■ We expect to continue to hold a diversified Credit portfolio, which now includes:		We expect to	continue to	hold a	diversified	Credit	portfolio,	which nov	w includes:
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- Consumer Loans and ABS, with an emphasis on establishing a steady pipeline through flow agreements
- Small Balance Commercial Mortgage Loans, especially distressed loans
- non-QM Mortgage Loans
- European MBS, CLOs, and NPLs (mortgage and consumer)
- Residential NPLs, especially smaller, off-the-run packages

Non-Agency RMBS, with continued focus on legacy securities, opportunistically buying and selling as yield spreads fluctuate

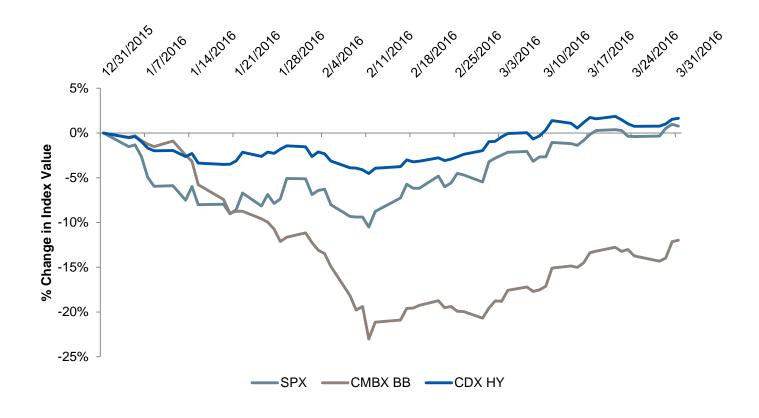
- CMBS, especially "B-pieces" where the new issue market provides opportunities to "manufacture" risk efficiently
- U.S. CLOs, especially legacy debt and equity, although as prices have dropped, more recent vintage CLOs have increased in attractiveness
- Direct Investments in Mortgage Originators
- Distressed Corporate Debt, where we continue to take a measured approach
- Maintain a disciplined hedging strategy on our structured credit portfolio

Agency

- Believe there remains a heightened risk of substantial interest rate and prepayment volatility in the near term, thus reinforcing the importance of our ability to hedge our Agency RMBS portfolio using a variety of tools, including TBAs
- Focus on purchasing pools with specific prepayment characteristics provides a measure of protection against prepayments

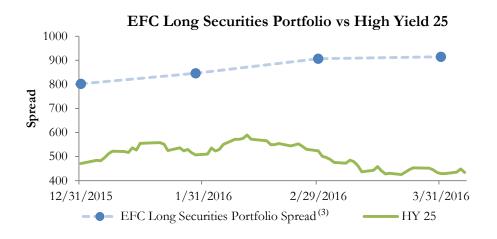
Credit

Market Moves in Q1 Were Violent and Highly Correlated



- Credit markets moved almost in lockstep in Q1, regardless of differing fundamentals
- Markets hit their lows in early-to-mid February
- Non-Agency RMBS underperformed but held up much better than CMBS and many other spread products

EFC Credit: Long Securities Portfolio⁽¹⁾ vs High Yield Series 25⁽²⁾





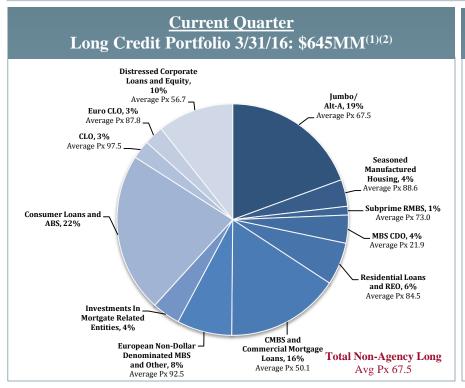
⁽¹⁾ Long securities portfolio includes investments in non-Agency RMBS, CMBS, ABS, CLOs, bank loans, and similar credit sensitive securities, but excludes unsecuritized mortgage and consumer loans, and Agency RMBS.

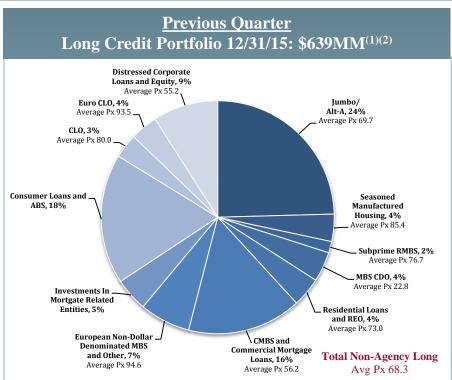
HY CDX spreads are not loss-adjusted, while spreads on EFC long securities portfolio are loss-adjusted. The difference between long and short spreads would be wider if CDX spreads were loss-adjusted.

³⁾ Estimated yields at market prices are management's estimates derived from Ellington's proprietary models based on prices and market environment as of 3/31/2016 and include the effects of future estimated losses. The above analysis should not be considered a recommendation to purchase or sell any security or class of securities. Results are based on forward-looking models, which are inherently imperfect, and incorporate various simplifying assumptions. Therefore, the information above is for illustrative purposes only and the actual performance of our portfolio may differ from the data presented above, and such differences might be significant and adverse.

Credit Portfolio

EFC: Long Credit Portfolio

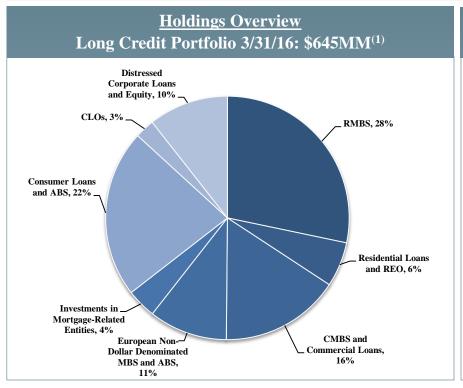


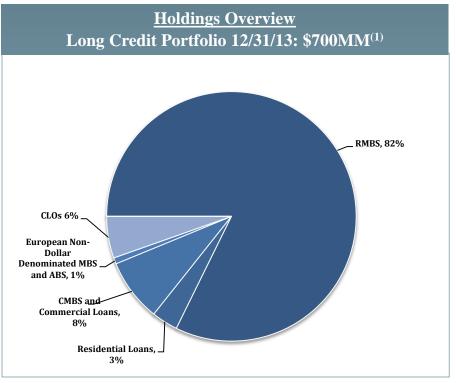


■ During the first quarter:

- Continued to sell non-Agency RMBS, although at a reduced pace compared to prior quarters
- Consumer loans remained fastest growing segment of Credit portfolio
- Continued to have good transaction flow in distressed small balance commercial mortgage loans, as assets were resolved and replaced
- Increased pace of purchases of non-QM residential mortgage loans (included above in "Residential Loans and REO")
- (1) This information does not include interest rate swaps, TBA positions, corporate CDS, common stock and equity swaps, or other hedge positions. Credit portfolio includes loan equivalent value related to long total return swaps on distressed corporate debt, which is based on the value of the underlying loans. The loan equivalent value of long total return swaps included in the long credit portfolio was \$44.6 million as of March 31, 2016 and \$38.2 million as of December 31, 2015. The corresponding value of the related total return swaps on distressed corporate debt was \$0.4 million as of March 31, 2016 and \$(4.6) million as of December 31, 2015.
- (2) Average price excludes interest only, principal only, equity tranches and other similar investments, and REO at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

EFC: Long Credit Portfolio (continued)





- As the above charts demonstrate, we have significantly altered and diversified our sources of return in our Credit portfolio since the end of 2013
- We continue to allocate capital in sectors where we believe our analytical expertise, research and systems provide an edge that will allow us to generate attractive loss-adjusted returns
- We expect to opportunistically vary size of non-Agency RMBS, CLO, and CMBS portfolios as market conditions change

⁽¹⁾ This information does not include interest rate swaps, TBA positions, corporate CDS, common stock and equity swaps, or other hedge positions. As of March 31, 2016, credit portfolio includes loan equivalent value in the amount of \$44.6 million related to long total return swaps on distressed corporate debt. The corresponding value of the related total return swaps on distressed corporate debt was \$0.4 million.

EFC: Long Credit Portfolio as of March 31, 2016

- Credit strategy is the main driver of earnings
- Long Credit securities and loan portfolio value: \$615.5 million—excludes REO and equity investments in mortgage related entities

Credit Sector	Fair Value (millions)	Average Price (1)	Weighted Average Life ⁽²⁾	Historical 1-Year CPR ⁽³⁾	Est. Yield at Market Price at Ellington HPA Forecast ⁽⁴⁾
Jumbo/Alt-A	\$125.2	67.5%	6.6	13.1%	6.40%
Seasoned Manufactured Housing	24.1	88.6	4.8	6.0	6.81
Subprime	7.8	73.0	3.9	9.7	10.70
MBS CDO	25.3	21.9	1.4	N/A	8.55
Residential Loans	35.6	84.5	15.1	N/A	6.97
CMBS and Commercial Mortgage Loans	83.5	50.1	3.8	N/A	15.00
European Non-Dollar Denominated MBS and Other	49.5	92.5	6.0	7.8	12.12
CLO	34.4	92.5	3.7	N/A	11.59
Consumer Loans and ABS	143.8	N/A	1.2	N/A	10.82
Distressed Corporate Loans	68.4	56.7	3.8	N/A	15.20
Other	17.9	79.7	3.1	N/A	15.14
Total	\$615.5	67.5	4.5	11.6	10.79

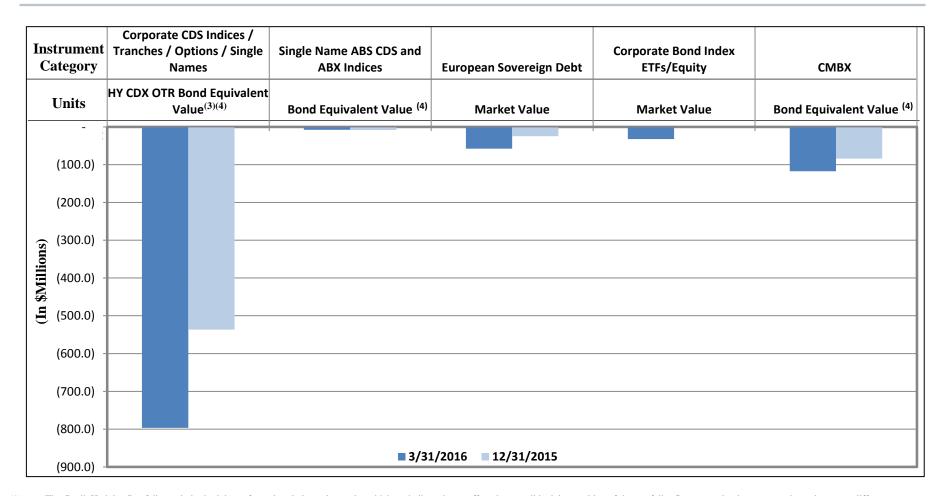
⁽¹⁾ Average price excludes interest only, principal only, equity tranches and other similar securities and non-exchange traded corporate equity. All averages in this table are weighted averages using fair value, except for average price which uses current principal balance.

⁽²⁾ Weighted average life assumes "projected" cashflows using Ellington's proprietary models. Excludes interest only, principal only, equity tranches.

Source for historical 1-Year CPR is Intex Solutions, Inc. ("Intex"). Excludes interest only, principal only, equity tranches and other similar securities, CMBS and commercial mortgage loans, and any investments where Intex CPR not available.

Estimated yields at market prices are management's estimates derived from Ellington's proprietary models based on prices and market environment as of 3/31/2016 and include the effects of future estimated losses. The above analysis should not be considered a recommendation to purchase or sell any security or class of securities. Results are based on forward-looking models, which are inherently imperfect, and incorporate various simplifying assumptions. Therefore, the table above is for illustrative purposes only and the actual performance of our portfolio may differ from the data presented above, and such differences might be significant and adverse.

EFC: Credit Hedging Portfolio⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾



⁽¹⁾ The Credit Hedging Portfolio excludes both legs of certain relative value trades which we believe do not affect the overall hedging position of the portfolio. Consequently, the amounts shown here may differ materially (i) from those that would be shown were all positions in the included instruments displayed and (ii) from those presented in the Company's Schedule of Investments.

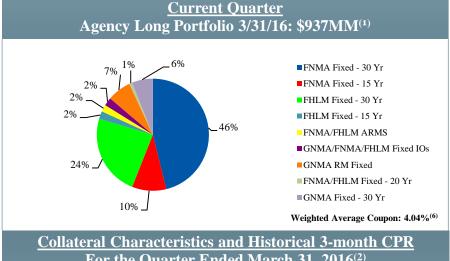
⁽²⁾ There can be no assurance that instruments in the Credit Hedging Portfolio will be effective portfolio hedges.

Corporate derivatives displayed in HY CDX OTR Equivalents represent the net, on-the-run notional equivalents of Markit CDX North American High Yield Index (the "HY Index") of those derivatives converted to equivalents based on techniques used by the Company for estimating the price relationships between them and the HY Index. These include estimations of the relationships between different credits and even different sectors (such as the US high yield, European high yield, and US investment grade debt markets). The Company's estimations of price relationships between instruments may change over time. Actual price relationships experienced may differ from those previously estimated.

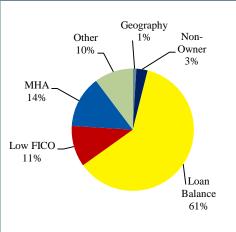
Bond Equivalent Value represents the investment amount of a corresponding position in the reference obligation or index constituents, calculated assuming a price equal to the difference between (i) par and (ii) the tear up price. Corporate CDS Indices, Tranches, Options and Single Names are converted to HY CDX OTR Equivalents prior to being displayed as Bond Equivalent Values.

Agency Portfolio

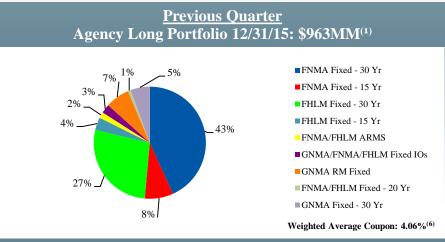
EFC: Agency Long Portfolio



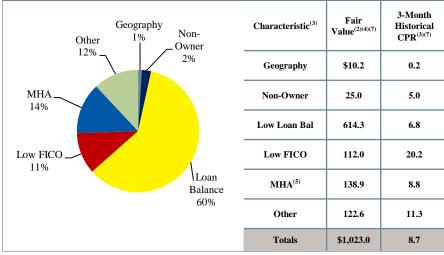
For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2016(2)



Characteristic ⁽³⁾	Fair Value ⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾	3-Month Historical CPR ⁽³⁾
Geography	\$7.9	14.8
Non-Owner	24.7	5.5
Low Loan Bal	507.9	7.6
Low FICO	90.2	14.6
MHA ⁽⁵⁾	114.0	10.0
Other	85.2	9.2
Totals	\$829.9	8.9



Collateral Characteristics and Historical 3-month CPR For the Ouarter Ended December 31, 2015(2)(7)



Does not include long TBA positions with a notional value of \$71.2 million and a fair value of \$74.9 million as of March 31, 2016 and a notional value of \$94.6 million and a fair value of \$98.0 million as of December 31, 2015. Agency long portfolio includes \$914.4 million of long Agency securities at March 31, 2016 and \$937.7 million of long Agency securities at December 31, 2015. Additionally, the long Agency portfolio includes \$22.3 million of interest only securities at March 31, 2016 and \$24.9 million of interest only securities at December 31, 2015.

(1)

(4)

(6)

Represents weighted average net pass-through rate. Excludes interest only securities. Prior Period calculation methodology has been conformed to current period calculation.

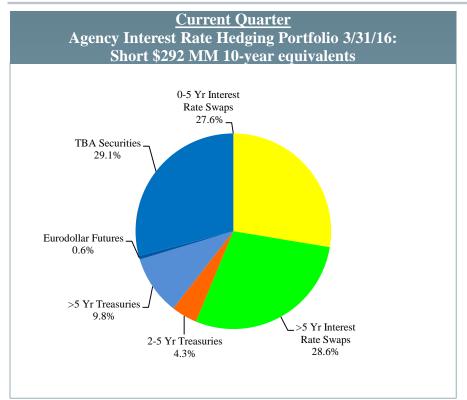
⁽²⁾ Excludes reverse mortgage pools. (3)

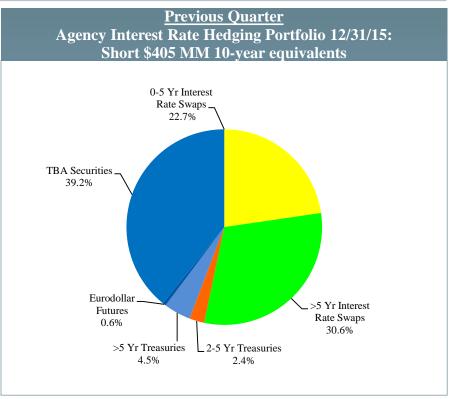
Classification methodology may change over time as market practices change.

Fair values are shown in millions.

⁽⁵⁾ "MHA" indicates those pools where underlying borrowers have participated in the Making Homes Affordable program.

EFC: Agency Interest Rate Hedging Portfolio





- Agency interest rate hedges are shown in normalized units of risk, with each group of positions measured in "10-year equivalents"
- Size of hedging portfolio declined as asset portfolio decreased in size
 - Decreased net short TBAs relative to interest rate swaps

EFC: Agency Interest Rate Hedging Portfolio (continued)

Calculation of Exposure to Agency RMBS Based on Fair Value of TBA Portfolio:

(In millions)

Agency-related Portfolio	3/31/2016	12/31/2015
Long Agency RMBS	\$937	\$963
Net Short TBAs	(369)	(420)
Net Long Exposure to Agency RMBS	\$568	\$543

- Shorting "generic" pools (or TBAs) allows EFC to significantly reduce interest rate risk and basis risk in its Agency portfolio; interest rate risk is also hedged with swaps, U.S. Treasury securities, and other instruments
- For those Agency pools hedged with comparable TBAs, the biggest risk is a drop in "pay-ups"; average market pay-up was 0.88% of the value of our fixed rate Agency pool portfolio as of March 31, 2016, up from 0.64% as of December 31, 2015

Estimated Change in Fair Value as of 3/31/16 for Agency Pools, Agency IOs, and Related Hedges if Interest Rates Move:

(In thousands)	Down 50 BPS	Up 50 BPS
Agency RMS - ARM Pools	\$97	(\$104)
Agency RMBS - Fixed Pools and IO	10,810	(15,835)
TBAs	(2,466)	5,130
Interest Rate Swaps	(7,519)	7,184
U.S. Treasury Securities	(1,878)	1,803
Eurodollar and U.S. Treasury Futures	(79)	79
Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase Agreements	(481)	480
<u>Total</u>	(\$1,516)	(\$1,263)

Note:

The above table reflects a parallel shift in interest rates based on the market environment as of March 31, 2016. The preceding analysis does not include sensitivities to changes in interest rates for categories of instruments for which we believe that the effect of a change in interest rates is not material to the value of the overall portfolio and/or cannot be accurately estimated. Results are based on forward-looking models, which are inherently imperfect, and incorporate various simplifying assumptions. Therefore, the table above is for illustrative purposes only and actual changes in interest rates would likely cause changes in the actual value of our portfolio that would differ from those presented above, and such differences might be significant and adverse.

Borrowings



EFC: Repo Borrowings as of March 31, 2016

\$ in thousands)		Repo B	orrowings		
Remaining Days to Maturity	Credit	Agency	U.S. Treasury	Total	% of Total Borrowings
30 Days or Less	\$19,045	\$420,442	\$13,664	\$453,151	39.4%
31-60 Days	19,620	319,396	_	339,016	29.5%
61-90 Days	89,927	117,846	_	207,773	18.1%
91-120 Days	2,478	_	_	2,478	0.2%
151-180 Days	2,912	36,074	_	38,986	3.4%
181-360 Days	61,114	_	_	61,114	5.3%
> 360 Days	46,546			46,546	4.1%
Total Borrowings	241,642	893,758	13,664	1,149,064	100.0%
Weighted Average Remaining Days to Maturity	230	39	1	79	

■ As of March 31, 2016:

- Repo borrowings outstanding were with 18 counterparties
- Repo borrowings had a remaining weighted average maturity of 79 days; maturities are staggered to mitigate liquidity risk
- EFC had securitized debt outstanding in the amount of \$23.2 million (not included above), collateralized by certain small balance commercial loans and REO. This debt amortizes until its maturity in March 2018.

Note: Included in the above table, using the original maturity dates, are any reverse repos involving underlying investments the Company sold prior to March 31, 2016 for settlement following March 31, 2016 even though the company may expect to terminate such reverse repos early. Not included are any reverse repos that the Company may have entered into prior to March 31, 2016, for which delivery of the borrowed funds is not scheduled until after March 31, 2016. Remaining maturity for a reverse repo is based on the contractual maturity date in effect as of March 31, 2016. Some reverse repos have floating interest rates, which may reset before maturity.

EFC: Average Cost of Borrowings

(\$ In thousands)	As of March 31, 2016	For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2016						
Collateral for Borrowing	Outstanding Borrowings	Average Borrowings for the Quarter Ended	Average Cost of Funds					
Credit	\$264,880	\$265,510	2.52%					
Agency RMBS	893,758	896,475	0.64%					
Total excluding U.S. Treasury Securities	1,158,638	1,161,985	1.07%					
U.S. Treasury Securities	13,664	20,397	0.20%					
Total	1,172,302	\$1,182,382	1.06%					
Leverage Ratio ¹	1.69:1							
Leverage Ratio Excluding U.S. Treasury Securities ¹	1.67:1							

- Leverage ratio was 1.69:1 as of March 31, 2016, as compared to 1.59:1 as of December 31, 2015
- As of March 31, 2016, weighted average borrowing rates were 2.70% for Credit repo and 0.67% for Agency repo
 - Increasing portion of Credit borrowings related to loans, which generally carry higher borrowing rates

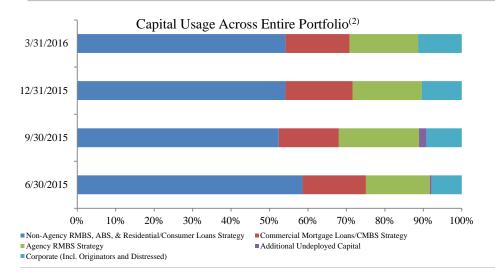
⁽¹⁾ The debt-to-equity ratio does not account for liabilities other than debt financings. The Company's debt financings consist of reverse repos in the amount of \$1.149 billion and securitized debt in the amount of \$23.2 million as of March 31, 2016.

Supplemental Information

EFC: Gross Profit and Loss

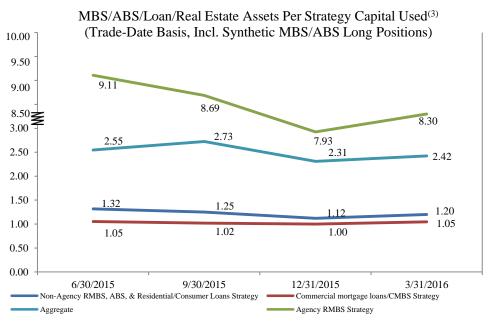
		nths Ended 31, 2016								Years E	nded							
	20	16	201	15	20:	14	20:	13	20:	12	20	11	20:	10	200)9	20	08
(\$ In thousands)	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
Long: Credit	4,902	0.68	46,892	6.09	77,636	11.38	109,536	18.53	129,830	30.02	1,505	0.39	70,840	21.87	101,748	36.33	(64,565)	(26.20)
Credit Hedge and Other	(20,793)	(2.88)	10,671	1.38	(1,197)	(0.17)	(19,286)	(3.26)	(14,642)	(3.39)	19,895	5.16	(7,958)	(2.46)	10,133	3.62	78,373	31.81
Interest Rate Hedge: Credit	(2,016)	(0.28)	(4,899)	(0.64)	(9,479)	(1.39)	8,674	1.47	(3,851)	(0.89)	(8,171)	(2.12)	(12,150)	(3.75)	(1,407)	(0.50)	(3,446)	(1.40)
Long: Agency	16,742	2.32	23,629	3.07	61,126	8.97	(14,044)	(2.39)	37,701	8.72	63,558	16.47	21,552	6.65	22,171	7.92	4,763	1.93
Interest Rate Hedge and Other: Agency	(16,950)	(2.35)	(17,166)	(2.23)	(47,634)	(6.99)	19,110	3.23	(20,040)	(4.63)	(54,173)	(14.04)	(14,524)	(4.48)	(8,351)	(2.98)	(6,414)	(2.60)
Gross Profit (Loss)	(18,115)	(2.51)	59,127	7.67	80,452	11.80	103,990	17.58	128,998	29.83	22,614	5.86	57,760	17.83	124,294	44.39	8,711	3.54

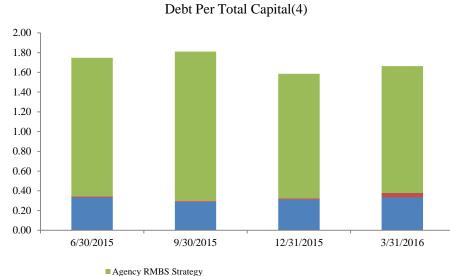
EFC: Capital and Leverage⁽¹⁾



Notes

- (1) Excludes U.S. Treasury securities
- (2) Capital usage based on pro forma calculation of leverage generally applicable to long positions in target asset classes.
- (3) Assets per strategy capital includes in the numerator holdings on a trade date basis of:
 - long cash bond holdings of MBS/ABS (such as CMOs, CDOs, CLOs Agency pools)
 - long holdings of unsecuritized residential and commercial mortgage loans, consumer and corporate loans
 - bond equivalent amount of synthetic long holdings of MBS/ABS (in the form of single name and index ABS CDS)
 - long TBA positions held for investment, rather than hedging purposes
 - other long investment holdings
- 4) Debt per total capital includes in the numerator repo borrowings and securitized debt



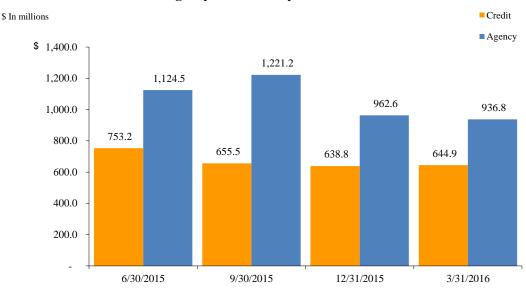


■ Non-Agency RMBS, ABS, & Residential/Consumer Loans Strategy

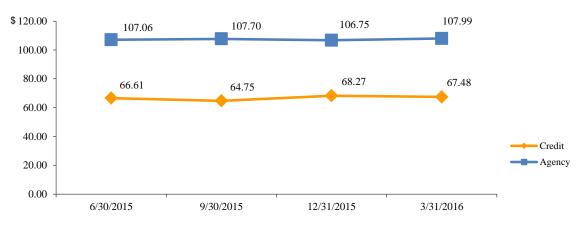
■ Commercial mortgage loans/CMBS Strategy

EFC: Credit and Agency Fair Values and Average Prices

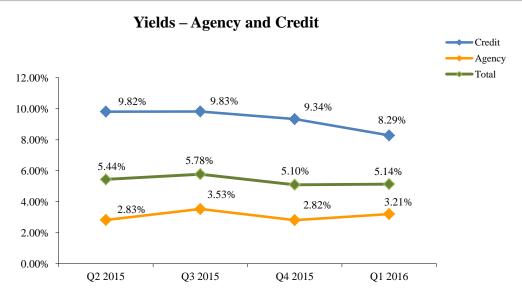
Credit and Agency Portfolios by Fair Value



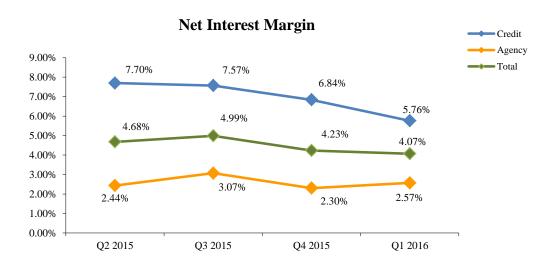
Average Price – Credit and Agency(1)



EFC: Yields and Net Interest Margin



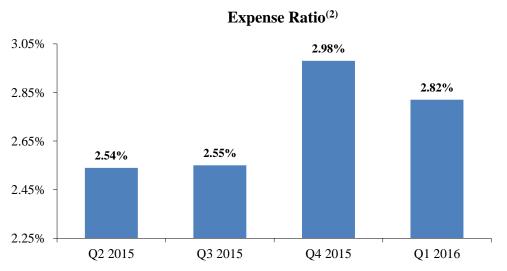
Note: Yields are based on amortized cost, not fair value. Excludes long credit swaps.



Note: Net interest margin figures are based on amortized cost, not fair value, and exclude long credit swaps and hedging related expenses.

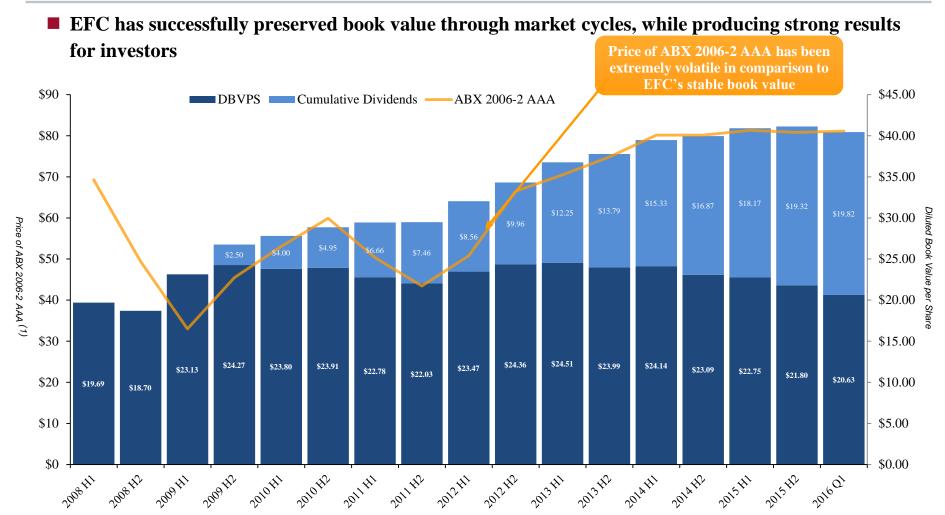
EFC: Dividends and Expense Ratio





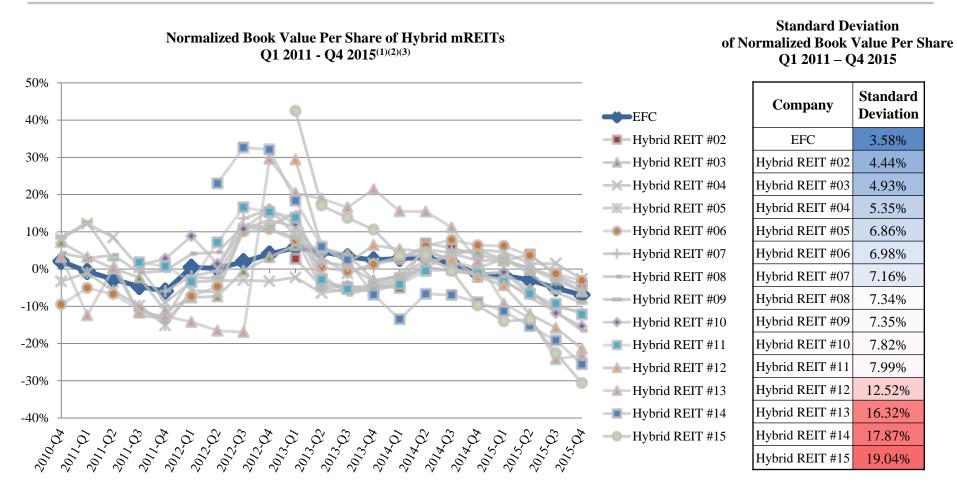
- (1) Based on NYSE closing price as of 5/4/2016.
- (2) Expense ratios annualized.

EFC: Diluted Book Value



■ EFC life-to-date diluted net-asset-value-based total return from inception in August 2007 through Q1 2016 is approximately 154%, or 11.4% annualized

EFC: Stable Book Value Per Share Relative to Peer Group



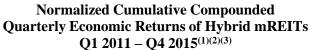
■ EFC has the lowest standard deviation of book value per share over the period

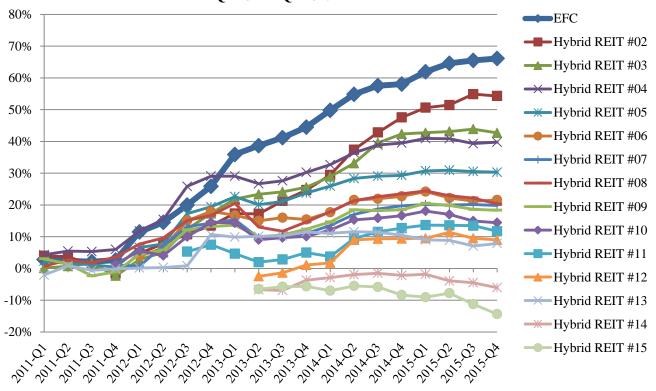
⁽¹⁾ Source: Bloomberg, JMP

⁽²⁾ Normalized book value per share for a company represents its book value per share divided by its average book value per share over the entire period.

EFC: Sharpe Ratio of Quarterly Economic Returns Relative to Peer Group







Sharpe Ratio of Quarterly Economic Returns Q1 2011 – Q4 2015

Company	Sharpe Ratio
EFC	2.22
Hybrid REIT #02	1.91
Hybrid REIT #03	1.54
Hybrid REIT #04	1.46
Hybrid REIT #05	1.13
Hybrid REIT #06	1.04
Hybrid REIT #07	0.89
Hybrid REIT #08	0.77
Hybrid REIT #09	0.68
Hybrid REIT #10	0.65
Hybrid REIT #11	0.65
Hybrid REIT #12	0.65
Hybrid REIT #13	0.23
Hybrid REIT #14	-0.49
Hybrid REIT #15	-1.14

- Quarterly Economic Return is computed by adding back dividends to ending book value per share, and comparing that amount to book value per share as of the beginning of the quarter
- EFC has the highest Sharpe Ratio (annualized compounded economic return divided by annualized volatility of economic return)

⁽¹⁾ Source: Bloomberg, JMF

⁽²⁾ Normalized quarterly economic return for a company represents its quarterly economic return divided by the ratio between its volatility of quarterly economic returns over the entire period and the volatility of EFC's quarterly economic returns over the entire period.

⁽³⁾ Risk free rate is assumed to equal 0% for all periods.

Income Statement

(Unaudited)

ELLINGTON FINANCIAL LLC CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

		Three Month	Period E	anded
(In thousands, except per share data)	Mare	ch 31, 2016	Decen	ber 31, 2015
Investment income				
Interest income	\$	20,427	\$	23,091
Other income		1,668		932
Total investment income		22,095		24,023
Expenses				
Base management fee		2,611		2,772
Interest expense		3,468		3,186
Other investment related expenses		1,749		1,774
Other operating expenses		2,445		2,835
Total expenses		10,273		10,567
Net investment income		11,822		13,456
Net realized gain (loss) on:				
Investments		(1,974)		2,129
Financial derivatives, excluding currency forwards		(10,054)		(1,512
Financial derivatives—currency forwards		(332)		2,847
Foreign currency transactions		420		(1,981
		(11,940)		1,483
Change in net unrealized gain (loss) on:				
Investments		(4,402)		(16,914
Financial derivatives, excluding currency forwards		(18,838)		4,552
Financial derivatives—currency forwards		(3,047)		291
Foreign currency translation		3,219		(1,006
		(23,068)		(13,077
Net realized and change in net unrealized gain (loss) on investments and financial derivatives		(35,008)		(11,594
Net increase in equity resulting from operations	\$	(23,186)	\$	1,862
Less: Increase in equity resulting from operations attributable to non-controlling interests		14		82
Net increase (decrease) in shareholders' equity resulting from operations		(\$23,200)		\$1,780
Net increase (decrease) in shareholders' equity resulting from operations per share:				
Basic and diluted	\$	(0.69)	\$	0.05
Weighted average shares and LTIP units outstanding		33,534		33,789
Weighted average shares and convertible units outstanding		33,746		34,001

Balance Sheet

(Unaudited)

ELLINGTON FINANCIAL LLC CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

				cember 31,
(In thousands, except share amounts)		1arch 31,	ЪС	2015 ⁽¹⁾
ASSETS		2016	_	2015
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	142,082	\$	183,909
Restricted Cash	Ф	4,485	Ф	4,85
nvestments, financial derivatives, and repurchase agreements:		4,403	_	4,03
nvestments, at fair value (Cost – \$1,634,790 and \$1,672,400)		1,625,585		1,661,11
Financial derivatives—assets, at fair value (Net cost = \$182,182 and \$163,943)		190,798		162,90
Repurchase agreements (Cost – \$126,867 and \$105,329)		127,468		105,70
Fotal Investments, financial derivatives, and repurchase agreements		1,943,851		1,929,72
Due from brokers		184,973		141,60
Receivable for securities sold and financial derivatives		606,551		705,74
nterest and principal receivable		18,289		20,44
Other assets		2,664		5,26
Fotal assets	\$	2,902,895	\$	2,991,55
LIABILITIES				
investments and financial derivatives:				
nvestments sold short, at fair value (Proceeds – \$708,403 and \$731,048)	\$	712,128	\$	728,74
Financial derivatives—liabilities, at fair value (Net proceeds – \$51,443 and \$56,200)		85,679	_	60,47
Fotal investments and financial derivatives		797,807		789,21
Reverse repurchase agreements		1,149,064		1,174,18
Due to brokers		124,940		114,79
Payable for securities purchased and financial derivatives		103,376		165,36
Securitized debt (Proceeds – \$23,238 and \$0)		23,238		-
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		3,771		3,62
Base management fee payable		2,611		2,77
nterest and dividends payable		2,549		1,80
Other liabilities		617		82
Fotal liabilities		2,207,973		2,252,60
EQUITY		694,922		738,95
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$	2,902,895	\$	2,991,55
ANALYSIS OF EQUITY:				
Common shares, no par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized;				
32,962,979 and 33,126,012 shares issued and outstanding)	\$	679,557	\$	722,36
Additional paid-in capital–LTIP units		9,787		9,68
Total Shareholders' Equity	\$	689,344	\$	732,04
Non-controlling interests		5,578		6,90
Total Equity	\$	694,922	\$	738,95
PER SHARE INFORMATION:				
Common shares, no par value	\$	20.91	\$	22.1
DILUTED PER SHARE INFORMATION:				

⁽¹⁾ Derived from audited financial statements as of December 31, 2015.

⁽²⁾ Based on total equity excluding non-controlling interests not represented by instruments convertible into common shares.

About Ellington

- EFC is managed by Ellington Financial Management LLC, an affiliate of Ellington Management Group, L.L.C. ("EMG")
- EMG was founded in 1994 by Michael Vranos and five partners; currently has over 160 employees, giving EFC access to time-tested infrastructure and proprietary resources in trading, research, risk management, and operational support
 - EMG has approximately \$5.9 billion in assets under management as of March 31, 2016
- EMG's portfolio managers are among the most experienced in the MBS sector and the firm's analytics have been developed over a 21-year history
 - Prior to forming EMG, five of the founding partners constituted the core of Kidder Peabody's MBS trading and research group, while one spent ten years at Lehman Brothers where he ran collateralized mortgage obligation ("CMO") trading
 - The founding partners each have advanced academic training in mathematics and engineering, including among them several Ph.D.'s and Master's degrees
- Management owns over 10.5% of EFC; interests are aligned with shareholders

Ellington Financial

Investor Contact:

Maria Cozine, Investor Relations or Lisa Mumford, Chief Financial Officer Ellington Financial LLC (203) 409-3575

Media Contact:

Steve Bruce or Taylor Ingraham ASC Advisors, for Ellington Financial LLC (203) 992-1230

